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Smart Dictionary for E-book Reading Analytics

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Presentation Plan



- 1) The Need for Dictionary System
- 2) Research Results on Dictionary Usage (Related Work)
- 3) Features of our Dictionary
- 4) Our Learning Analytics Infrastructure Architecture
- 5) New Visualization Widgets
- 6) Evaluation and Deployment (Future Work)





The Need for a Dictionary System in our LA platform



BookRoll: our Lab E-Book Platform



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Reading, be it intensive or extensive, is one of the key skills to master as an English as a foreign language (EFL) learner. Computerized ebook systems provide convenient access to learning materials inside and outside class. Students regularly check the meaning of a word or expression using a separate tool to progress on their reading, which is not only disruptive but can lead to other learning problems. An example of a particular issue faced in EFL is when a student learns an inappropriate meaning of a polysemous word for the context in which it is presented. This is also a problem for teachers as they often need to investigate the cause. In this paper, we propose a smart dictionary integrated into an ebook reading platform. It allows the learner to search and note word definitions directly with the purpose of reducing context switching and improve vocabulary retention. Finally, we propose that learner interactions with the system can be analyzed to support EFL teachers in identifying possible problems that arise through dictionary use while reading.

- Used internationally
 - Japan, Taiwan, India, Turkey
- Any kind of traditional class
 - Mathematics, science, languages
- English as a Foreign Language:
 - English lessons
 - Extensive reading
 - Intensive reading

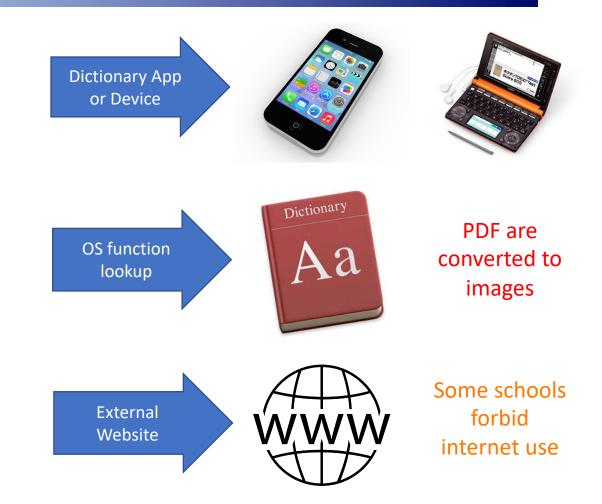


When a Student Doesn't Understand a Word?



> Reading, be it intensive or extensive, is one of the key skills to master as an English as a foreign language (EFL) learner. Computerized ebook systems provide convenient access to learning materials inside and outside class. Students regularly check the meaning of a word or expression using a separate tool to progress on their reading, which is not only disruptive but can lead to other learning problems. An example of a particular issue faced in EFL is when a student learns an inappropriate meaning of a polysemous word for the context in which it is presented. This is also a problem for teachers as they often need to investigate the cause. In this paper, we propose a smart dictionary integrated into an ebook reading platform. It allows the learner to search and note word definitions directly with the purpose of reducing context switching and improve vocabulary retention. Finally, we propose that learner interactions with the system can be analyzed to support EFL teachers in identifying possible problems that arise through dictionary use while reading.

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- Acquire search data from learners
- Allow specific features / research question to be addressed
 in this paper, experimenting with definition reordering
 => end goal being better vocabulary retention
- In the (near) future, other questions or problems are to be addressed
 => multi-word expression search
 - => personalized example sentence selection
 - => search strategy





Research Results on Dictionary Usage





Some difficulties exist

- Dictionary usage is a skill that must be learned (Nesi, 2014)
- Selection the right meaning is a problem for users (Luppescu, 1993) => we will try to guide the learner to make to correct selection
- Dictionary usage can sometimes cause lexical errors (Ard, 1982)
- Users don't read the full entry (Cubillo, 2002)

=> "They then became frustrated because they had not read a second entry for the same form belonging to a different grammatical class [...]"





Results informing our design

- Bilingual dictionaries better for beginner; monolingual better for more advanced learners (Lew, 2004)
- Forcing less advanced user to make a choice (meaning selection) improves long term vocabulary retention (Chang, 2018)
- => as we target beginners, we will force action and use a bilingual dictionary
- User tend to select the first meaning they encounter (Nesi & Haill, 2002)
- => we could exploit this tendency by re-ranking the meaning listed for a word





Features of the Dictionary



E-book Reader Software: Bookroll



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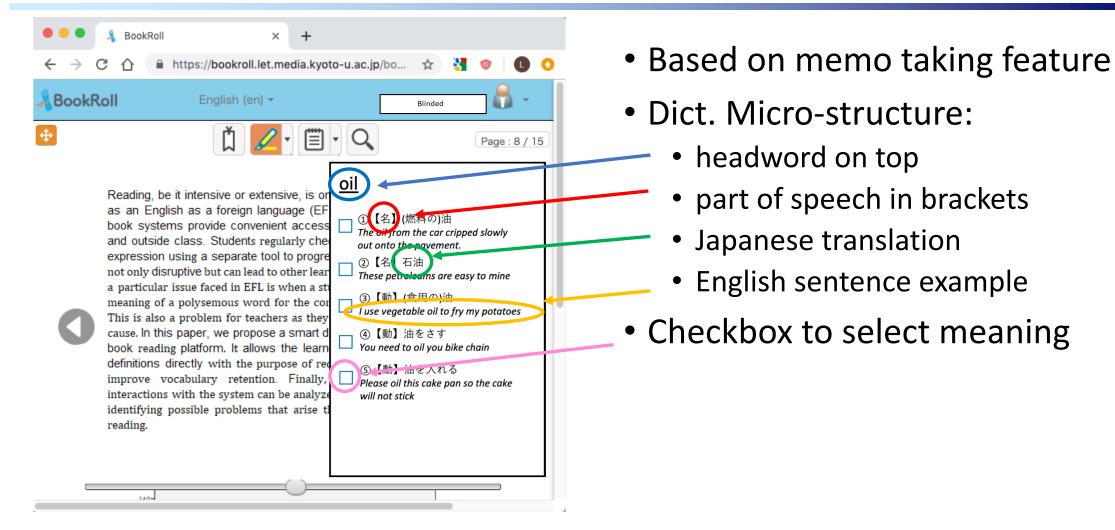
- Navigation
 - next page
 - previous page
- Bookmarking
- Note taking
 - typing
 - handwriting
- Every action is logged with xAPI
- Logs are analyzed in a dashboard



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Dictionary in Bookroll







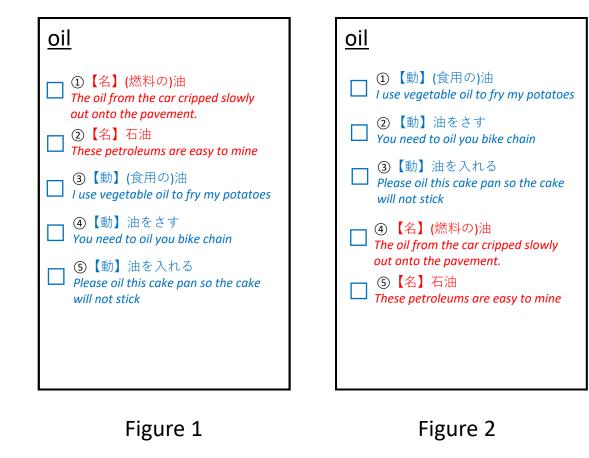


- Dictionary search exist in commercial products
 - => query are made by sending only the searched string
 - => light processing can happen: lemmatization
- Here, we use three additional source of data:
- First, we send the surrounding context of the queried word
 => we send the surrounding context of the [window=N]
- Second, we have learner query and action logs
- Third, optionally, teacher override



Entry Re-ordering #1: Context



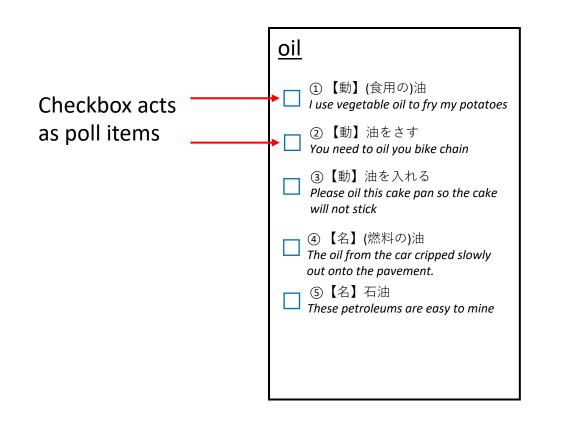


- Word + the part of sentence it appears are send to dictionary server
- Part of speech (PoS) analysis
- Example
 - Figure 1: noun first
 - Figure 2: verb first
- Future: Word Sense Disambiguation (WSD)
 - (Navigli, 2009)



Entry Re-ordering #2: User Log





• Threshold based re-ranking





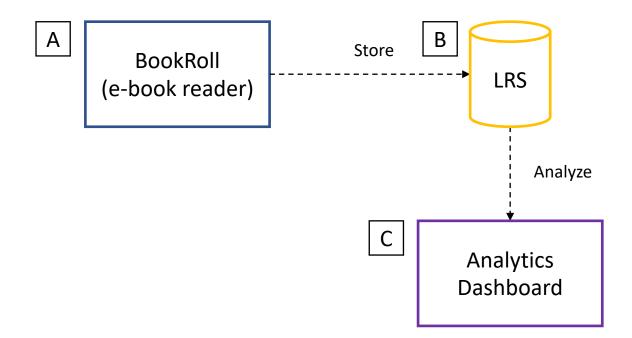
Our LA Platform Infrastructure Architecture



Existing Learning Infrastructure



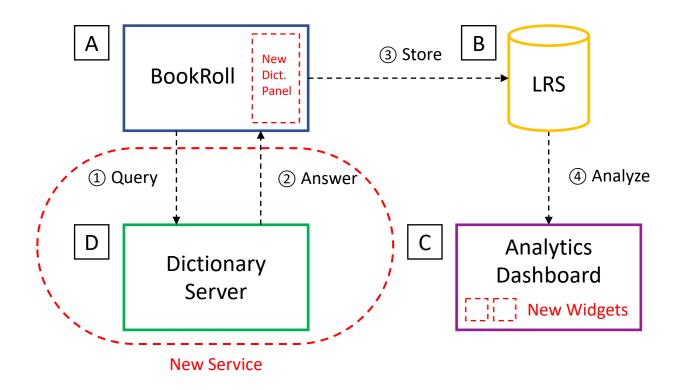
• Deployed internationally in Japan, Taiwan, India, Turkey





Extended Architecture











- Allow independent development/maintenance of the dictionary
- Language agnostic: can load monolingual or bilingual dict. of any lang.
- Support multiple packages for a given language pairs
- xAPI dictionary profile developed
- Web UI and Semantic Web capabilities => not used in this paper





New Visualization Widgets





Visualization Widget #1: Search Heat-Maps

a) Search Heat-Map

The Tahiti rail was 9 inches (23 centimetres) long and its colouration was unusual for a rail. The **underparts**, throat, and eyebrow-like supercilium were white, and the upper parts were black with white dots and bands.

b) Error Rate Heat-Map

The Tahiti rail was 9 inches (23 centimetres) long, and its colouration was unusual for a rail. The underparts, throat, and eyebrow-like supercilium were white, and the upper parts were black with white dots and bands.



Visualization Widget #2: QWIC



Query Word in Context

Search	Context	# queries	Students	Definition
tomorrow	ince tomorrow. tomorrow the Cat will be	3	admin, admin, admin	Yes
here	e Cat will be there for you.	1	admin	Yes
tomorrow t	ince tomorrow. tomorrow the Cat will be	1	admin	No





Lab Experiment #1

Search	Context	# queries	Students	Definition
permafrost	locked in the permafrost layer under the	7		Yes
relics	are probably relic s of catastrophi	5		Yes
Martian surface	er on the early Martian surface . A computer-ge	5		No





Evaluation and Deployment



Evaluation of Word Meaning Ranking

- Heavily depends on dictionary (data source) used
- Can be tested locally
- Will be done on both real world learning material
- Also on a set of crafted sentences









Short term

- Deploy the software in a Japanese school
 - Two groups, one with re-ranking activate, the other deactivate
- Do a preliminary study to weed out issues (done!)
- Run a real study to test the research question

Long term

 Test other research questions such as multiword search or example sentence selection from a corpus







- Language agnostics dictionary server pluggable in LA platform
- Combined two research results to adress an existing issue
- Designed two dashboard vizualisation widgets for teacher to take action





Thanks for your attention

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- Cubillo, M. C. C. (2002). Dictionary use and dictionary needs of ESP students: An experimental approach. *International Journal of Lexicography*, 15(3), 206-228.
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